

## Home Insulation Rebate

Insulation R-values per inch

Material	(R/inch)
Batt or blanket type insulation	
Glass fibre Composed of long fibres of spun glass loosely woven together and bonded with resin.	(3.4)
Rock (stone) wool  • Made from natural rock which is melted, made into fibres and bonded.	(3.8)
Loose fill insulation	
Cellulose fibre  • Manufactured from finely shredded newsprint with chemicals mixed in to resist fire and fungal growth.	(3.6)
Glass fibre  • Similar material to glass fibre batts but chopped up for blowing purposes.	(2.9)
Vermiculite  • Mica material that has been expanded by a high temperature steam process;  • Light brown/grey/gold in colour and is a pebble-like material ranging in size from 2 to 10 millimeters in diameter;  • Vermiculite installed prior to 1990 is likely to contain asbestos.  Note: Existing vermiculite should be handled with care*.  *For more details on vermiculite insulation, check out the Safe Manitoba bulletin available from Manitoba Workplace Safety and Health or online at safemanitoba.com/Resources/Pages/bulletin-245.aspx	(2.3)
Wood shavings  • By-product of wood industries, shavings are often mixed with lime and other chemicals.  Rigid board insulation	(2.5)
Expanded polystyrene ("beadboard") Type 1 & 2 • Produced by a process that results in beads containing air, bonded together into rigid, foam plastic boards.	Low density (3.6) High density (4.0)
Extruded polystyrene Type 3 & 4 • A foam plastic board composed of fine, closed cells containing a mixture of air and refrigerant gases (fluorocarbons).	(5.0)
<ul> <li>Polyisocyanurate boards 4.2 (6.0)</li> <li>A foam plastic board with primarily closed cells filled with refrigerant gases (fluorocarbons).</li> <li>Usually foil-faced on both sides to strengthen the board and retain the gases which give it a high RSI-value.</li> </ul>	(6.0)
Spray/blow in place insulation	
Spray polyurethane foam  • A semi-flexible plastic foam manufactured on site using two liquid components;  • Liquids are pumped through a hose and sprayed in place where they cure through a chemical reaction.	Low density (3.7) Medium density (6.0)
Cellulose  Made from paper or paper board stock with chemical additives for fire and fungal resistance;  Sprayed with water into a cavity to form a cohesive mat.	(3.8)
Glass fibre  • Loose, glass fibre insulation, incorporating a water-activated adhesive;  • The dry insulation is misted with water and installed using a blowing machine.	(3.9)